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(Original Signature of Member)

113TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 4138

To protect the separation of powers in the Constitution of the United States by ensuring that the President takes care that the laws be faithfully executed, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. GOWDY (for himself, Mr. ISSA, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. GERLACH, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. FORBES, Mr. FRANKS of Arizona, Mr. JORDAN, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. SMITH of Missouri, and Mrs. BLACK) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

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## A BILL

To protect the separation of powers in the Constitution of the United States by ensuring that the President takes care that the laws be faithfully executed, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Executive Needs to  
5 Faithfully Observe and Respect Congressional Enact-

1 ments of the Law Act of 2014” or the “ENFORCE the  
2 Law Act of 2014”.

3 **SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION TO BRING CIVIL ACTION FOR VIO-**  
4 **LATION OF THE TAKE CARE CLAUSE.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Upon the adoption of a resolution  
6 of a House of Congress declaring that the President, the  
7 head of any department or agency of the United States,  
8 or any other officer or employee of the United States has  
9 established or implemented a formal or informal policy,  
10 practice, or procedure to refrain from enforcing, applying,  
11 following, or administering any provision of a Federal  
12 statute, rule, regulation, program, policy, or other law in  
13 violation of the requirement that the President take care  
14 that the laws be faithfully executed under Article II, sec-  
15 tion 3, clause 5, of the Constitution of the United States,  
16 that House is authorized to bring a civil action in accord-  
17 ance with subsection (c), and to seek relief pursuant to  
18 sections 2201 and 2202 of title 28, United States Code.  
19 A civil action brought pursuant to this subsection may be  
20 brought by a single House or both Houses of Congress  
21 jointly, if both Houses have adopted such a resolution.

22 (b) RESOLUTION DESCRIBED.—For the purposes of  
23 subsection (a), the term “resolution” means only a resolu-  
24 tion—

1           (1) the title of which is as follows: “Relating to  
2           the application of Article II, section 3, clause 5, of  
3           the Constitution of the United States.”

4           (2) which does not have a preamble; and

5           (3) the matter after the resolving clause which  
6           is as follows: “That \_\_\_\_\_ has failed to  
7           meet the requirement of Article II, section 3, clause  
8           5, of the Constitution of the United States to take  
9           care that a law be faithfully executed, with respect  
10          to \_\_\_\_\_.” (the blank spaces being  
11          appropriately filled in with the President or the per-  
12          son on behalf of the President, and the administra-  
13          tive action in question described in subsection (a),  
14          respectively).

15          (c) SPECIAL RULES.—If the House of Representa-  
16          tives or the Senate brings a civil action pursuant to sub-  
17          section (a), the following rules shall apply:

18               (1) The action shall be filed in a United States  
19               district court of competent jurisdiction and shall be  
20               heard by a 3-judge court convened pursuant to sec-  
21               tion 2284 of title 28, United States Code.

22               (2) A final decision in the action shall be re-  
23               viewable only by appeal directly to the Supreme  
24               Court of the United States. Such appeal shall be  
25               taken by the filing of a notice of appeal within 10

1 days, and the filing of a jurisdictional statement  
2 within 30 days, of the entry of the final decision.

3 (3) It shall be the duty of the United States  
4 district courts and the Supreme Court of the United  
5 States to advance on the docket and to expedite to  
6 the greatest possible extent the disposition of any  
7 such action and appeal.