

115TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 469

To impose certain limitations on consent decrees and settlement agreements by agencies that require the agencies to take regulatory action in accordance with the terms thereof, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 12, 2017

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia (for himself, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. CRAWFORD, Mr. TIPTON, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. MARINO, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. LATTA, Mr. PEARCE, Mr. FARENTHOLD, Mr. BABIN, Mr. BARR, Mr. YOHO, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. GOHMERT, and Mr. CRAMER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

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# A BILL

To impose certain limitations on consent decrees and settlement agreements by agencies that require the agencies to take regulatory action in accordance with the terms thereof, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Sunshine for Regula-

5       tions and Regulatory Decrees and Settlements Act of

6       2017”.

1   **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

2       In this Act—

3           (1) the terms “agency” and “agency action”  
4       have the meanings given those terms under section  
5       551 of title 5, United States Code;

6           (2) the term “covered civil action” means a civil  
7       action—

8              (A) seeking to compel agency action;

9              (B) alleging that the agency is unlawfully  
10       withholding or unreasonably delaying an agency  
11       action relating to a regulatory action that would  
12       affect the rights of—

13              (i) private persons other than the per-  
14       son bringing the action; or

15              (ii) a State, local, or tribal govern-  
16       ment; and

17              (C) brought under—

18              (i) chapter 7 of title 5, United States  
19       Code; or

20              (ii) any other statute authorizing such  
21       an action;

22           (3) the term “covered consent decree” means—

23              (A) a consent decree entered into in a cov-  
24       ered civil action; and

(B) any other consent decree that requires agency action relating to a regulatory action that affects the rights of—

- (i) private persons other than the person bringing the action; or
- (ii) a State, local, or tribal government;

(5) the term "covered settlement agreement" means—

(B) any other settlement agreement that requires agency action relating to a regulatory action that affects the rights of—

## **22 SEC. 3. CONSENT DECREE AND SETTLEMENT REFORM.**

23 (a) PLEADINGS AND PRELIMINARY MATTERS.—

1       brought shall publish the notice of intent to sue and  
2       the complaint in a readily accessible manner, includ-  
3       ing by making the notice of intent to sue and the  
4       complaint available online not later than 15 days  
5       after receiving service of the notice of intent to sue  
6       or complaint, respectively.

7                 (2) ENTRY OF A COVERED CONSENT DECREE  
8       OR SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—A party may not  
9       make a motion for entry of a covered consent decree  
10      or to dismiss a civil action pursuant to a covered set-  
11      tlement agreement until after the end of proceedings  
12      in accordance with paragraph (1) and subpara-  
13      graphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) of subsection  
14      (d) or subsection (d)(3)(A), whichever is later.

15                 (b) INTERVENTION.—

16                 (1) REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION.—In consid-  
17       ering a motion to intervene in a covered civil action  
18       or a civil action in which a covered consent decree  
19       or settlement agreement has been proposed that is  
20       filed by a person who alleges that the agency action  
21       in dispute would affect the person, the court shall  
22       presume, subject to rebuttal, that the interests of  
23       the person would not be represented adequately by  
24       the existing parties to the action.

1                         (2) STATE, LOCAL, AND TRIBAL GOVERN-  
2         MENTS.—In considering a motion to intervene in a  
3         covered civil action or a civil action in which a cov-  
4         ered consent decree or settlement agreement has  
5         been proposed that is filed by a State, local, or tribal  
6         government, the court shall take due account of  
7         whether the movant—

8                         (A) administers jointly with an agency that  
9         is a defendant in the action the statutory provi-  
10        sions that give rise to the regulatory action to  
11        which the action relates; or

12                         (B) administers an authority under State,  
13        local, or tribal law that would be preempted by  
14        the regulatory action to which the action re-  
15        lates.

16                         (c) SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS.—Efforts to settle  
17        a covered civil action or otherwise reach an agreement on  
18        a covered consent decree or settlement agreement shall—

19                         (1) be conducted pursuant to the mediation or  
20        alternative dispute resolution program of the court  
21        or by a district judge other than the presiding judge,  
22        magistrate judge, or special master, as determined  
23        appropriate by the presiding judge; and

24                         (2) include any party that intervenes in the ac-  
25        tion.

1       (d) PUBLICATION OF AND COMMENT ON COVERED  
2 CONSENT DECREES OR SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS.—

3               (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days be-  
4 fore the date on which a covered consent decree or  
5 settlement agreement is filed with a court, the agen-  
6 cy seeking to enter the covered consent decree or  
7 settlement agreement shall publish in the Federal  
8 Register and online—

9                       (A) the proposed covered consent decree or  
10 settlement agreement; and

11                       (B) a statement providing—

12                               (i) the statutory basis for the covered  
13 consent decree or settlement agreement;  
14 and

15                               (ii) a description of the terms of the  
16 covered consent decree or settlement agree-  
17 ment, including whether it provides for the  
18 award of attorneys' fees or costs and, if so,  
19 the basis for including the award.

20               (2) PUBLIC COMMENT.—

21                       (A) IN GENERAL.—An agency seeking to  
22 enter a covered consent decree or settlement  
23 agreement shall accept public comment during  
24 the period described in paragraph (1) on any  
25 issue relating to the matters alleged in the com-

1           plaint in the applicable civil action or addressed  
2           or affected by the proposed covered consent de-  
3           cree or settlement agreement.

4           (B) RESPONSE TO COMMENTS.—An agency  
5           shall respond to any comment received under  
6           subparagraph (A).

7           (C) SUBMISSIONS TO COURT.—When mov-  
8           ing that the court enter a proposed covered con-  
9           sent decree or settlement agreement or for dis-  
10          missal pursuant to a proposed covered consent  
11          decree or settlement agreement, an agency  
12          shall—

13                 (i) inform the court of the statutory  
14                 basis for the proposed covered consent de-  
15                 cree or settlement agreement and its  
16                 terms;

17                 (ii) submit to the court a summary of  
18                 the comments received under subparagraph  
19                 (A) and the response of the agency to the  
20                 comments;

21                 (iii) submit to the court a certified  
22                 index of the administrative record of the  
23                 notice and comment proceeding; and

(iv) make the administrative record described in clause (iii) fully accessible to the court.

(D) INCLUSION IN RECORD.—The court shall include in the court record for a civil action the certified index of the administrative record submitted by an agency under subparagraph (C)(iii) and any documents listed in the index which any party or amicus curiae appearing before the court in the action submits to the court.

(3) PUBLIC HEARINGS PERMITTED.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—After providing notice in the Federal Register and online, an agency may hold a public hearing regarding whether to enter into a proposed covered consent decree or settlement agreement.

(B) RECORD.—If an agency holds a public hearing under subparagraph (A)—

(i) the agency shall—

(I) submit to the court a summary of the proceedings;

(II) submit to the court a certified index of the hearing record; and

5                                 (4) MANDATORY DEADLINES.—If a proposed  
6 covered consent decree or settlement agreement re-  
7 quires an agency action by a date certain, the agen-  
8 cy shall, when moving for entry of the covered con-  
9 sent decree or settlement agreement or dismissal  
10 based on the covered consent decree or settlement  
11 agreement, inform the court of—

**24 (e) SUBMISSION BY THE GOVERNMENT.—**

1                             (1) IN GENERAL.—For any proposed covered  
2 consent decree or settlement agreement that con-  
3 tains a term described in paragraph (2), the Attor-  
4 ney General or, if the matter is being litigated inde-  
5 pendently by an agency, the head of the agency shall  
6 submit to the court a certification that the Attorney  
7 General or head of the agency approves the proposed  
8 covered consent decree or settlement agreement. The  
9 Attorney General or head of the agency shall person-  
10 ally sign any certification submitted under this para-  
11 graph.

12                             (2) TERMS.—A term described in this para-  
13 graph is—

14                                 (A) in the case of a covered consent decree,  
15                                 a term that—

16                                     (i) converts into a nondiscretionary  
17                                 duty a discretionary authority of an agency  
18                                 to propose, promulgate, revise, or amend  
19                                 regulations;

20                                     (ii) commits an agency to expend  
21                                 funds that have not been appropriated and  
22                                 that have not been budgeted for the regu-  
23                                 latory action in question;

(iii) commits an agency to seek a particular appropriation or budget authorization;

(iv) divests an agency of discretion committed to the agency by statute or the Constitution of the United States, without regard to whether the discretion was granted to respond to changing circumstances, to make policy or managerial choices, or to protect the rights of third parties; or

(v) otherwise affords relief that the court could not enter under its own authority upon a final judgment in the civil action; or

(B) in the case of a covered settlement agreement, a term—

(i) that provides a remedy for a failure by the agency to comply with the terms of the covered settlement agreement other than the revival of the civil action resolved by the covered settlement agreement; and

(ii) that—

(I) interferes with the authority of an agency to revise, amend, or issue rules under the procedures set forth in chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, or any other statute or Executive order prescribing rulemaking procedures for a rulemaking that is the subject of the covered settlement agreement;

(II) commits the agency to expend funds that have not been appropriated and that have not been budgeted for the regulatory action in question; or

(III) for such a covered settlement agreement that commits the agency to exercise in a particular way discretion which was committed to the agency by statute or the Constitution of the United States to respond to changing circumstances, to make policy or managerial choices, or to protect the rights of third parties.

**24 (f) REVIEW BY COURT.—**

1                             (1) AMICUS.—A court considering a proposed  
2 covered consent decree or settlement agreement shall  
3 presume, subject to rebuttal, that it is proper to  
4 allow amicus participation relating to the covered  
5 consent decree or settlement agreement by any per-  
6 son who filed public comments or participated in a  
7 public hearing on the covered consent decree or set-  
8 tlement agreement under paragraph (2) or (3) of  
9 subsection (d).

10                             (2) REVIEW OF DEADLINES.—

11                             (A) PROPOSED COVERED CONSENT DE-  
12 CREES.—For a proposed covered consent de-  
13 cree, a court shall not approve the covered con-  
14 sent decree unless the proposed covered consent  
15 decree allows sufficient time and incorporates  
16 adequate procedures for the agency to comply  
17 with chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code,  
18 and other applicable statutes that govern rule-  
19 making and, unless contrary to the public inter-  
20 est, the provisions of any Executive order that  
21 governs rulemaking.

22                             (B) PROPOSED COVERED SETTLEMENT  
23 AGREEMENTS.—For a proposed covered settle-  
24 ment agreement, a court shall ensure that the  
25 covered settlement agreement allows sufficient

1           time and incorporates adequate procedures for  
2           the agency to comply with chapter 5 of title 5,  
3           United States Code, and other applicable stat-  
4           utes that govern rulemaking and, unless con-  
5           trary to the public interest, the provisions of  
6           any Executive order that governs rulemaking.

7           (g) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Each agency shall submit to  
8           Congress an annual report that, for the year covered by  
9           the report, includes—

10           (1) the number, identity, and content of covered  
11           civil actions brought against and covered consent de-  
12           crees or settlement agreements entered against or  
13           into by the agency; and

14           (2) a description of the statutory basis for—

15               (A) each covered consent decree or settle-  
16               ment agreement entered against or into by the  
17               agency; and

18               (B) any award of attorneys fees or costs in  
19               a civil action resolved by a covered consent de-  
20               cree or settlement agreement entered against or  
21               into by the agency.

22 **SEC. 4. MOTIONS TO MODIFY CONSENT DECREES.**

23           If an agency moves a court to modify a covered con-  
24           sent decree or settlement agreement and the basis of the  
25           motion is that the terms of the covered consent decree or

1 settlement agreement are no longer fully in the public in-  
2 terest due to the obligations of the agency to fulfill other  
3 duties or due to changed facts and circumstances, the  
4 court shall review the motion and the covered consent de-  
5 cree or settlement agreement de novo.

6 **SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

7 This Act shall apply to—

8 (1) any covered civil action filed on or after the  
9 date of enactment of this Act; and

10 (2) any covered consent decree or settlement  
11 agreement proposed to a court on or after the date  
12 of enactment of this Act.

